

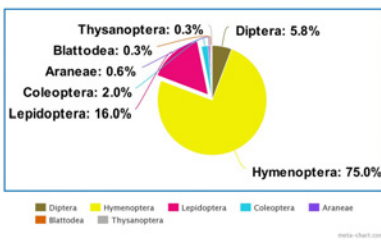


## Diurnal Pollinator Attraction Cues and the Use of Artificial Flowers in Pollinator Research

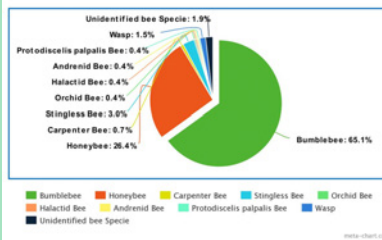
Table of Diurnal Pollinator Attraction Cues

	Colour	Shape	UV Preference	Scent	Nectar Guides	Nectary Depth	Reward	Humidity Sense	Temperature Sense	Electric Field Sense
<b>Bees</b>	White, Blue, Yellow, Violet	Variable	Yes	Light floral scents Linalool	Colour and UV patterns	Variable	Nectar and Pollen	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>Wasps</b>	White, brown, purple, green	Generalist Umbellifer Globular	No	Green Leaf Volatiles (GLV)	N/A	Variable	Nectar Insect Prey	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>General Diptera</b>	White, yellow (not as important)	Generalist Umbellifer	N/A	Carrion Faeces	N/A	Shallow	Mimicry	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Syrphidae</b>	White, Yellow, Blue, Pink	Generalist Umbellifer Radially Symmetrical	Yes – Yellow 'bullseye'	N/A	UV 'bullseye'	Shallow	Nectar and Pollen	N/A	N/A	Yes
<b>Bombyliidae</b>	Blue, violet, white, yellow	Deep tubular	N/A	Noticeable Floral Scent	Colour patterns	Deep	Nectar and Pollen	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Diurnal Lepidoptera</b>	Purple, yellow, orange, red, blue	Tubular, Star Shaped, Radially Symmetrical	Can see but no preference	Not important Fermented fruit	Shape guides Colour 'bullseye' Visible patterns	Deep	Nectar	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Coleoptera</b>	Yellow, Green, Red	Bowl shaped	Yes	Unpleasant Linalool	Beetle marks	Shallow	Nectar	N/A	N/A	N/A

Insect Orders Studied Using Artificial Flowers

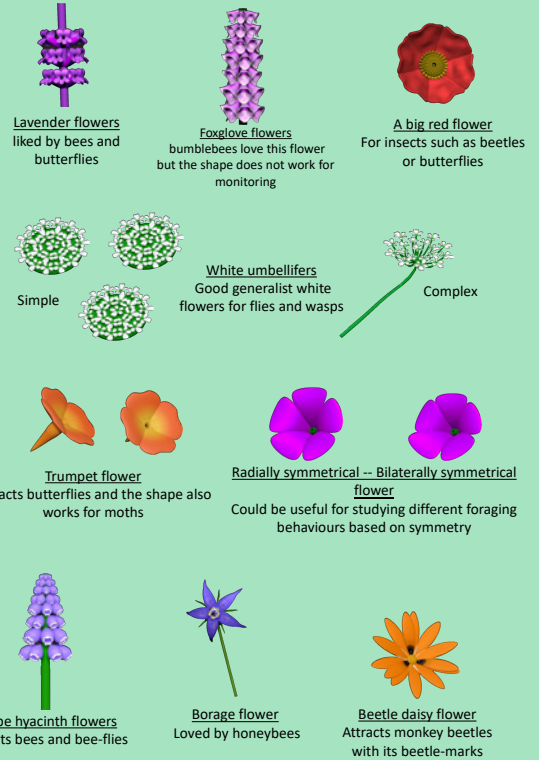


Hymenopterans Studied Using Artificial Flowers



## Artificial Flower Designs

All designed using ZBrush



## Future Plans

### Choice Experiment in Wild Pollinators



- Compare artificial flowers to pan traps and coloured paper (yellow, blue, and white).
- Record insect visits with a camera.
- Count the number of insect visitors to each attractant.

### Specialised, Complex Artificial Flower Systems

- Design flower specialised to different insect groups.
  - Include the attraction cues found in the literature review.
    - Colour, UV, scent, nectar guides, temperature, humidity, electric field
- Test out efficacy using automated monitoring stations such as INSECT DETECT(1).
- Perform experiments in UK and abroad with Project Wallacea.



### Database of Artificial Flower Systems

- Create database of different flower designs that can be 3D printed.
  - Choose designs based on shape, colour, complexity.
- Include instructions on how to construct the flower systems.
- Publish as open access for anyone to use.

## Choice Experiment in Naïve Bumblebees

### Background

Artificial flowers have not yet been compared to other non-lethal attractants. It is important to measure whether pollinators will prefer a flower shape over a pan trap or UV paper when every attractant is yellow and UV reflective. This will set up a basis for whether artificial flowers are more efficient at attracting pollinators. It is hypothesised that naïve bumblebees will prefer the artificial flowers (by visiting them first when presented with a choice within the experimental flight chamber) and/or spend more time exploring them compared to the other attractants.

### Methods



- Designed flowers using ZBrush software and 3D printed with a resin printer.
- Acclimated bumblebees to the flight arena using simple feeders.
- Comparing my artificial flower to a pan trap and coloured paper.
- Recorded which attractant the bumblebee landed on.

### Results

Bee Number	Attractant Choice Per Trial			
	Did Not land	Flower	Pan Trap	Paper
B6	0	1	1	0
B7	0	3	0	0
B8	0	2	0	0
B10	0	4	0	0
B13	0	1	0	0

A table indicating which attractants each bumblebee landed on during the trial session. A number higher than one means that the bumblebee landed on the same attractant multiple times.

